



# Si52254/Si52258 Data Sheet

## 4/8-Output PCIe Gen1/2/3/4/5 Clock Generator

The Si52258/54 are the industry's highest performance and lowest power automotive grade PCI Express clock generators for PCIe Gen1/2/3/4/5 common clock and/or SRIS applications. The Si52258 and Si52254 source eight and four 100 MHz PCIe differential clock outputs, respectively. All clock outputs are compliant to PCIe Gen1/2/3/4/5 common clock and separate reference clock architecture specifications.

Hardware control pins are available for enabling and disabling the outputs, as well as spread spectrum enable/disable for EMI reduction.

For more information about PCI Express, Silicon Labs' complete PCIe portfolio, application notes, and design tools, including the Silicon Labs PCIe Clock Jitter Tool for PCI Express compliance, please visit the Silicon Labs PCI Express Learning Center.

### Applications:

- Infotainment
- ADAS ECU
- Radar Sensors
- LiDar Sensors

### KEY FEATURES

- 8/4-outputs with internal termination
- PCIe Gen 1/2/3/4/5 compliant
- Automotive grade 2: -40 to +105 °C
- Internal 100 Ω or 85 Ω line matching
- Excellent jitter performance
  - 0.05 ps RMS (Gen3/4)
  - 0.025 ps RMS (Gen5)
- Triangular spread spectrum for EMI reduction, down spread 0.25% or 0.5%
- Individual hardware control pins for Output Enable, Spread Spectrum Enable
- Enable and Frequency Select
- 25 MHz crystal input or clock input
- 1.8–3.3 V power supply
- Pb-free, RoHS-6 compliant

# Table of Contents

<b>1. Features List</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>2. Ordering Guide</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>3. Functional Description</b>	<b>5</b>
3.1 Functional Block Diagram	5
3.2 Crystal Recommendations	5
3.3 HCSL Differential Output Terminations	5
3.4 Output Enable/Disable	5
3.5 Spread Spectrum	5
3.6 Loss of Signal (LOS)	6
<b>4. Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>5. Electrical Specifications</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>6. Pin Descriptions</b>	<b>14</b>
6.1 Si52258A-D01AM Pin Descriptions (40-QFN)	14
6.2 Si5224A-D01AM Pin Descriptions (32-QFN)	18
<b>7. Package Outline</b>	<b>21</b>
7.1 Si52258A-D01AM 6x6 mm 40-QFN Package Diagram	21
7.2 Si52254A-D01AM 5x5 mm 32-QFN Package Diagram	23
<b>8. PCB Land Pattern</b>	<b>25</b>
8.1 Si52258A-D01AM 40-QFN Land Pattern	25
8.2 Si52254A-D01AM 32-QFN Land Pattern	27
<b>9. Top Marking</b>	<b>29</b>
<b>10. Revision History</b>	<b>30</b>

## 1. Features List

- 8/4-100 MHz HCSL outputs with internal termination
- PCIe Gen1/2/3/4/5 compliant
- Automotive grade 2: -40 to +105 °C
- Internal 100  $\Omega$  or 85  $\Omega$  line matching
- Excellent jitter performance
  - 0.05 ps RMS (Gen3/4)
  - 0.025 ps RMS (Gen5)
- Triangular spread spectrum for EMI reduction, down spread 0.25% or 0.5%
- Individual hardware control pins for Impedance Select, Output Enable, and Spread Spectrum Enable
- Loss of Signal (LOS) output pin
- 25 MHz crystal input or clock input
- 1.8–3.3 V power supply
- Pb-free, RoHS-6 compliant

## 2. Ordering Guide

Number of Outputs	Part Number	Package Type	Temperature
8	Si52258A-D01AM	40-QFN	Automotive, -40 to 105 °C
	Si52258A-D01AMR	40-QFN – Tape and Reel	Automotive, -40 to 105 °C
4	Si52254A-D01AM	32-QFN	Automotive, -40 to 105 °C
	Si52254A-D01AMR	32-QFN – Tape and Reel	Automotive, -40 to 105 °C

### 3. Functional Description

#### 3.1 Functional Block Diagram

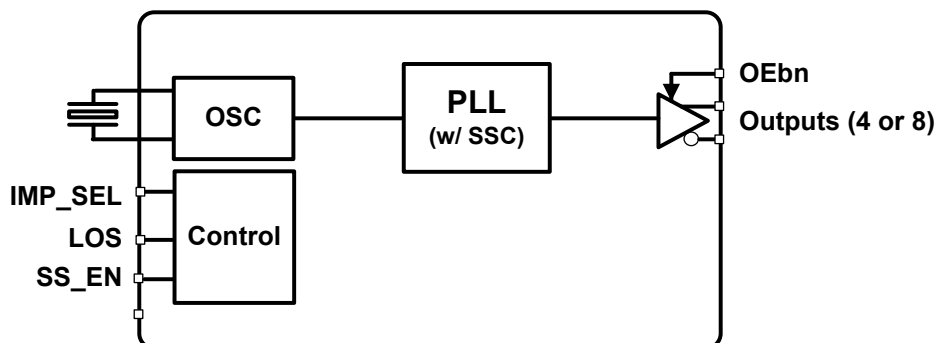


Figure 3.1. Si5225x Block Diagram

#### 3.2 Crystal Recommendations

The Si52258/4 operates from a parallel resonance 25 MHz crystal. Crystal operation requires external loading capacitors to match crystal capacitive loading requirements. Si52258/4 XA/XB inputs present 2.5 pF of stray capacitance.

#### 3.3 HCSL Differential Output Terminations

##### Termination for HCSL Outputs

The Si52254/8 HCSL drivers feature integrated termination resistors to simplify interfacing to an HCSL receiver. The HCSL driver supports both 100  $\Omega$  and 85  $\Omega$  transmission line options, and can be selected using the IMP\_SEL hardware input pin.

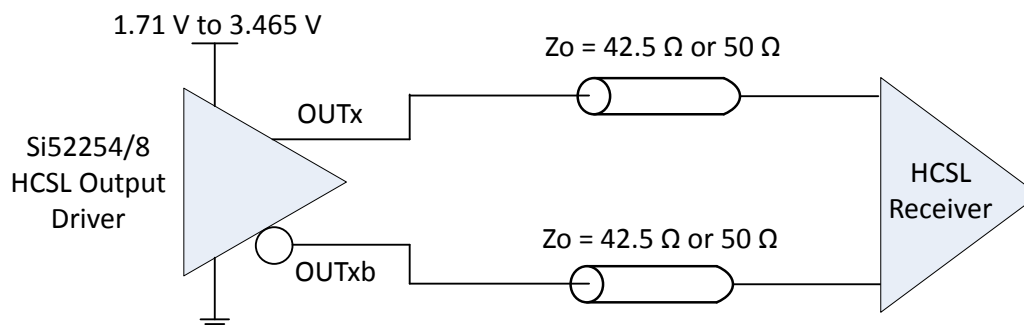


Figure 3.2. HCSL Internal Termination Mode

#### 3.4 Output Enable/Disable

An output enable pin provides a convenient method of disabling or enabling the output drivers. When the output enable pin is held high, all designated outputs will be disabled. When held low, the designated outputs will be enabled.

#### 3.5 Spread Spectrum

To help reduce electromagnetic interference (EMI), the Si52254/8 supports spread spectrum modulation. Spread spectrum can be enabled by the hardware input pin.

### 3.6 Loss of Signal (LOS)

The LOS indicator is used to check for the presence of an input reference source (crystal). LOS will assert when the reference source frequency drops below approximately 10 MHz.

In the event that a reference source is not present, the associated LOS pin will assume a logic low (LOS = 0) state. When a reference source is present, the LOS pin will assume a logic high (LOS = 1) state.

The LOS output is active low, open drain, and requires an external pull-up resistor of 1 k $\Omega$  or greater.

#### 4. Power Supply Filtering Recommendations

The Si52258/4 features internal LDOs on each power supply pin, providing excellent power supply noise rejection. As a guideline, each power supply pin should use a parallel combination of a 1  $\mu\text{f}$  and a 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  bypass capacitor placed as close to the supply pin as possible.

## 5. Electrical Specifications

**Table 5.1. Recommended Operating Conditions**
 $(V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = V_{DD\_DIG} = V_{DD\_XTAL} = 1.8\text{ V to }3.3\text{ V }+5\%/-5\%, V_{DDO} = 1.8\text{ V } \pm 5\%, 2.5\text{ V } \pm 5\%, \text{ or } 3.3\text{ V } \pm 5\%, T_A = -40\text{ to }105\text{ }^\circ\text{C})$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Ambient Temperature	$T_A$		-40	25	105	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_{JMAX}$		—	—	125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Core Supply Voltage <sup>1, 2</sup>	$V_{DDA}, V_{DD\_DIG}, V_{DD\_xtal}$		1.71	—	3.46	V
Output Driver Supply Voltage	$V_{DDO}$		1.71	—	3.46	V

**Note:**

- All minimum and maximum specifications are guaranteed and apply across the recommended operating conditions. Typical values apply at nominal supply voltages and an operating temperature of 25  $^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted.
- All core voltages ( $V_{DD\_DIG}$ ,  $V_{DDA}$ ,  $V_{DD\_XTAL}$ ) must be connected to the same voltage.

**Table 5.2. DC Characteristics**
 $(V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = V_{DD\_DIG} = V_{DD\_XTAL} = 1.8\text{ V to }3.3\text{ V }+5\%/-5\%, V_{DDO} = 1.8\text{ V } \pm 5\%, 2.5\text{ V } \pm 5\%, \text{ or } 3.3\text{ V } \pm 5\%, T_A = -40\text{ to }105\text{ }^\circ\text{C})$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Core Supply Current	$I_{DD}$		—	26	40	mA
Output Buffer Supply Current	$I_{DDOx}$	HCSL Output <sup>1</sup> @ 100 MHz	—	20	22	mA
Total Power Dissipation <sup>2</sup>	$P_d$	40-pin		550	750	mW
		32-pin	—	300	445	mW

**Notes:**

- Differential outputs terminated into a 100  $\Omega$  load at 3.3 V.
- Total power dissipation calculated with all 100 MHz HCSL running at 3.3 V.

**Table 5.3. External Crystal Input Specification**
 $(V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = V_{DD\_DIG} = V_{DD\_XTAL} = 1.8\text{ V to }3.3\text{ V }+5\%/-5\%, V_{DDO} = 1.8\text{ V } \pm 5\%, 2.5\text{ V } \pm 5\%, \text{ or } 3.3\text{ V } \pm 5\%, T_A = -40\text{ to }105\text{ }^\circ\text{C})$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Crystal Frequency	$F_{xtal}$			25		MHz
Crystal Drive Level	$d_L$		—	—	250	$\mu\text{W}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{IN}$		—	2.5	—	pF
Input Voltage	$V_{XIN}$		-0.3	—	1.3	V

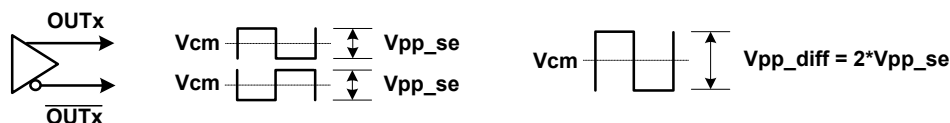


**Table 5.4. Differential Clock Output Specifications**(V<sub>DD</sub> = V<sub>DDA</sub> = V<sub>DD\_DIG</sub> = V<sub>DD\_XTAL</sub> = 1.8 V to 3.3 V +5%/-5%, V<sub>DDO</sub> = 1.8 V ±5%, 2.5 V ±5%, or 3.3 V ±5%, T<sub>A</sub> = -40 to 105 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Frequency	f <sub>OUT</sub>			100		MHz
Duty Cycle	DC		48	—	52	%
Output-Output Skew	T <sub>SK</sub>		—	—	80	ps
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>SEPP</sub>	HCSL	0.7	0.8	0.9	V <sub>PP</sub>
Common Mode Voltage	V <sub>CM</sub>	HCSL	0.35	0.4	0.45	V
HCSL Edge Rate	Edgr	Notes 1, 2, 3	1	—	4.5	V/ns
HCSL Delta Tr	D <sub>tr</sub>	Notes 2, 4, 5	—	—	155	ps
HCSL Delta Tf	D <sub>tf</sub>	Notes 2, 4, 5	—	—	155	ps
HCSL Vcross Abs	V <sub>xa</sub>	Notes 6, 7, 2, 4	250	—	550	mV
HCSL Delta Vcross	D <sub>vcrs</sub>	Notes 2, 4, 8	—	—	140	mV
HCSL Vovs	V <sub>ovs</sub>	Notes 2, 4, 9	—	—	V <sub>HIGH</sub> +300	mV
HCSL Vuds	V <sub>uds</sub>	Notes 2, 4, 10	—	—	V <sub>LOW</sub> -300	mV
HCSL Vrng	V <sub>rng</sub>	Notes 2, 4	V <sub>HIGH</sub> -200	—	V <sub>LOW</sub> +200	mV
Rise and Fall Times (20% to 80%)	t <sub>R</sub> /t <sub>F</sub>	HCSL	—	—	420	ps

**Notes:**

1. Measure taken from differential waveform on a component test board. The edge (slew) rate is measured from -150 mV to +150 mV on the differential waveform. Scope is set to average because the scope sample clock is making most of the dynamic wiggles along the clock edge. Only valid for Rising clock and Falling Clock#. Signal must be monotonic through the Vol to Voh region for Trise and Tfall.
2. Applies to a 2 pF load with both internal or external 50 Ω or 42.5 Ω R<sub>p</sub>.
3. Measurement taken from differential waveform.
4. Measurement taken from Single Ended waveform.
5. Measured with oscilloscope, averaging off, using min max statistics. Variation is the delta between min and max.



6. Measured at crossing point where the instantaneous voltage value of the rising edge of CLK equals the falling edge of CLK#.
7. This measurement refers to the total variation from the lowest crossing point to the highest, regardless of which edge is crossing.
8. ΔV<sub>cross</sub> is defined as the total variation of all crossing voltages of Rising CLOCK and Falling CLOCK#. This is the maximum allowed variance in V<sub>cross</sub> for any particular system.
9. Overshoot is defined as the absolute value of the maximum voltage.
10. Undershoot is defined as the absolute value of the minimum voltage.

**Table 5.5. Performance Characteristics**(V<sub>DD</sub> = V<sub>DDA</sub> = V<sub>DD\_DIG</sub> = V<sub>DD\_XTAL</sub> = 1.8 V to 3.3 V +5%/-5%, V<sub>DDO</sub> = 1.8 V ±5%, 2.5 V ±5%, or 3.3 V ±5%, T<sub>A</sub> = -40 to 105 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Power Ramp	t <sub>VDD</sub>	0 V to V <sub>DDmin</sub>	0.1	—	10	ms
Clock Stabilization from Power-up	t <sub>STABLE</sub>	Time for clock outputs to appear after POR	—	15	25	ms
0.5% Down Spread Frequency Deviation	SSDEV		0.4	0.45	0.5	%
Spread Spectrum Modulation Rate	SSDEV		30	31.5	33	kHz
<b>Notes:</b> 1. Default value is ~31.5 kHz.						

**Table 5.6. PCI-Express Clock Outputs (100 MHz HCSSL)**(V<sub>DD</sub> = V<sub>DDA</sub> = V<sub>DD\_DIG</sub> = V<sub>DD\_XTAL</sub> = 1.8 V to 3.3 V +5%/-5%, V<sub>DDO</sub> = 1.8 V ±5%, 2.5 V ±5%, or 3.3 V ±5%, T<sub>A</sub> = -40 to 105 °C)

Parameter	Test Condition	SSC On/Off	Typ	Max	Units
PCIe Gen 1.1	Includes PLL BW 1.5–22 MHz, Peaking = 3 dB, Td = 10 ns, Ftrk = 1.5 MHz with BER = 1E-12 <sup>1</sup>	Off	11	19	ps RMS
		On	22	30	ps RMS
PCIe Gen 2.1	Includes PLL BW 5MHz and 8–16 MHz, Jitter Peaking = 0.01–1 dB and 3 dB, Td = 12 ns, Low Band, F < 1.5 MHz <sup>1</sup>	Off	0.02	0.026	ps RMS
		On	0.12	0.21	ps RMS
	Includes PLL BW 5 MHz and 8–16 MHz, Jitter Peaking = 0.01–1 dB and 3 dB, Td = 12 ns, High Band, 1.5 MHz < F < Nyquist <sup>1</sup>	Off	0.2	0.31	ps RMS
		On	0.8	1.35	ps RMS
PCIe Gen 3.0 Common Clock	Includes PLL BW 2–4 MHz and 5 MHz, Peaking = 0.01–2 dB and 1 dB, Td = 12 ns, CDR = 10 MHz <sup>1,2</sup>	Off	0.06	0.1	ps RMS
		On	0.26	0.38	ps RMS
PCIe Gen3.0 SRIS	Includes PLL BW 4 MHz Peaking = 2 dB and 1dB, Td = 12 ns CDR = 10 MHz <sup>1,2</sup>	On	0.35	0.37	ps RMS
PCIe Gen 4.0 Common Clock	Includes PLL BW 2–4 MHz and 5 MHz, Peaking = 0.01–2 dB and 1dB, Td = 12 ns, CDR = 10 MHz <sup>1,2</sup>	Off	0.05	0.1	ps RMS
		On	0.26	0.38	ps RMS
PCIe Gen4.0 SRIS	Includes PLL BW 4 MHz Peaking = 2 dB and 1 dB, Td = 12 ns CDR = 10 MHz <sup>1,2</sup>	On	0.31	0.38	ps RMS
PCIe Gen5.0 Common Clock		Off	0.025	0.04	ps RMS
		On	0.1	0.15	ps RMS
PCIe Gen5.0 SRIS		On	0.08	0.1	ps RMS

**Note:**

1. All output clocks 100 MHz HCSSL format. Jitter data taken from Clock Jitter Tool v.1.3.
2. Excludes oscilloscope sampling noise.

Table 5.7. Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition <sup>1</sup>	Value	Units
<b>Si52258 — 40 QFN</b>				
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$\theta_{JA}$	Still Air	23.1	°C/W
		Air Flow 1 m/s	17.5	
		Air Flow 2 m/s	16.5	
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$\theta_{JC}$		13.4	
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Board	$\theta_{JB}$		8.7	
	$\Psi_{JB}$	Still Air	8.4	
<b>Si52254 — 32 QFN</b>				
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$\theta_{JA}$	Still Air	28.4	°C/W
		Air Flow 1 m/s	24	
		Air Flow 2 m/s	23	
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$\theta_{JC}$		15.9	
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Board	$\theta_{JB}$		11.5	
	$\Psi_{JB}$	Still Air	11.2	
<b>Note:</b>				
1. Based on JEDEC standard 4-layer PCB.				

Table 5.8. Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>1,2,3</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Value	Units
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{STG}$		-55 to +150	°C
DC Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$		-0.5 to 3.8	V
	$V_{DDA}$		-0.5 to 3.8	V
	$V_{DD_{xtal}}$		-0.5 to 3.8	V
	$V_{DDO}$		-0.5 to 3.8	V
Input Voltage Range	$V_I$	XIN/XOUT	-0.3 to 1.3	V
Latch-up Tolerance	LU		JESD78 Compliant	
ESD Tolerance	HBM	100 pF, 1.5 k $\Omega$	2.0	kV
Junction Temperature	$T_{JCT}$		-55 to 125	°C
Soldering Temperature	$T_{PEAK}$		260	°C
Soldering Temperature Time at $T_{PEAK}$	$T_P$		20 to 40	sec

**Notes:**

1. Permanent device damage may occur if the absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as specified in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. For more packaging information, go to [www.silabs.com/support/quality/pages/RoHSInformation.aspx](http://www.silabs.com/support/quality/pages/RoHSInformation.aspx).
3. The device is compliant with JEDEC J-STD-020.

## 6. Pin Descriptions

### 6.1 Si52258A-D01AM Pin Descriptions (40-QFN)

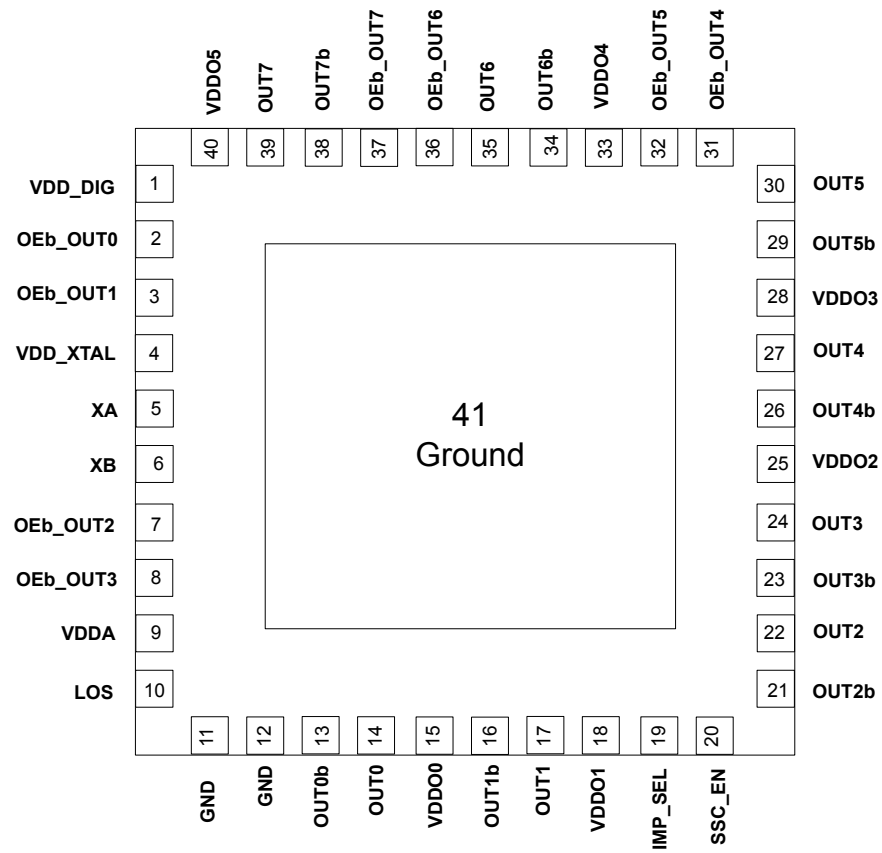


Figure 6.1. 40-QFN

Table 6.1. Si52258A-D01AM Pin Descriptions (40-QFN)

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function
1	VDD_DIG	P	Voltage supply for digital functions. Connect to 1.8–3.3 V. Part of internal core VDD voltage. Must be connected to same voltage as VDDA and VDD_XTAL. Refer to 4. <a href="#">Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</a> for bypass capacitor recommendations.
2	OEb_OUT0	I	Output enable pin for OUT1. Low = output enabled High = output disabled
3	OEb_OUT1	I	Output enable pin for OUT1. Low = output enabled High = output disabled
4	VDD_XTAL	P	Voltage supply for crystal oscillator. Connect to 1.8–3.3 V. Part of internal core VDD voltage. Must be connected to same voltage as VDDA and VDD_DIG. Refer to 4. <a href="#">Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</a> for bypass capacitor recommendations.
5	XA	I	Connect to 25 MHz input crystal. Refer to Section 5. <a href="#">Electrical Specifications</a> for recommended crystal specifications.
6	XB	O	
7	OEb_OUT2	I	Output enable pin for OUT2. Low = output enabled High = output disabled
8	OEb_OUT3	I	Output enable pin for OUT3. Low = output enabled High = output disabled
9	VDDA	P	Core Supply Voltage. Connect to 1.8–3.3 V. Must be connected to same voltage as VDD_DIG and VDD_XTAL. Refer to 4. <a href="#">Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</a> for bypass capacitor recommendations.
10	LOS	O	The LOS status pin indicates whether the reference input has dropped below approximately 10 MHz. LOS is active low, open drain output and requires an external pull-up resistor of 1 to 10 kΩ for proper operation. If LOS is not required, this pin can be left unconnected.  0 = reference input has dropped below approx. 10 MHz 1 = reference input is present (>10 MHz)
11	GND	—	Connect this pin to ground.
12	GND	—	Connect this pin to ground.
13	OUT0b	O	<b>Output Clock</b>  100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in <a href="#">3.3 HCSL Differential Output Terminations</a> . Unused outputs should be left unconnected.
14	OUT0	O	

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function
15	VDDO0	P	<b>Supply Voltage (1.8–3.3 V) for OUT0</b> Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption. Refer to <a href="#">4. Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</a> for bypass capacitor recommendations.
16	OUT1b	O	<b>Output Clock</b>
17	OUT1	O	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in <a href="#">3.3 HCSL Differential Output Terminations</a> . Unused outputs should be left unconnected.
18	VDDO1	P	<b>Supply Voltage (1.8–3.3 V) for OUT1</b> Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption. Refer to <a href="#">4. Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</a> for bypass capacitor recommendations.
19	IMP_SEL	I	Impedance select pin for output drivers. IMP_SEL pin is sampled at power-up only. Low = 100 $\Omega$ High = 85 $\Omega$
20	SSC_EN	I	Spread spectrum enable pin. Low = spread OFF High = spread ON (–0.5%)
21	OUT2b	O	<b>Output Clock</b>
22	OUT2	O	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in <a href="#">3.3 HCSL Differential Output Terminations</a> . Unused outputs should be left unconnected.
23	OUT3b	O	<b>Output Clock</b>
24	OUT3	O	Termination recommendations are provided in <a href="#">3.3 HCSL Differential Output Terminations</a> . Unused outputs should be left unconnected.
25	VDDO2	P	<b>Supply Voltage (1.8–3.3 V) for OUT2 and OUT3</b> Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption. Refer to <a href="#">4. Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</a> for bypass capacitor recommendations.
26	OUT4b	O	<b>Output Clock</b>
27	OUT4	O	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in <a href="#">3.3 HCSL Differential Output Terminations</a> . Unused outputs should be left unconnected.
28	VDDO3	P	<b>Supply Voltage (1.8–3.3 V) for OUT4 and OUT5</b> Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption. Refer to <a href="#">4. Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</a> for bypass capacitor recommendations.
29	OUT5b	O	<b>Output Clock</b>
30	OUT5	O	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in <a href="#">3.3 HCSL Differential Output Terminations</a> . Unused outputs should be left unconnected.



Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function
31	OEb_OUT4	I	Output enable pin for OUT4. Low = output enabled High = output disabled
32	OEb_OUT5	I	Output enable pin for OUT5. Low = output enabled High = output disabled
33	VDDO4	P	<b>Supply Voltage (1.8–3.3 V) for OUT6</b> Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption. Refer to <a href="#">4. Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</a> for bypass capacitor recommendations.
34	OUT6b	O	<b>Output Clock</b> 100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in <a href="#">3.3 HCSL Differential Output Terminations</a> . Unused outputs should be left unconnected.
35	OUT6	O	
36	OEb_OUT6	I	Output enable pin for OUT6. Low = output enabled High = output disabled
37	OEb_OUT7	I	Output enable pin for OUT7. Low = output enabled High = output disabled
38	OUT7b	O	<b>Output Clock</b> 100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in <a href="#">3.3 HCSL Differential Output Terminations</a> . Unused outputs should be left unconnected.
39	OUT7	O	
40	VDDO5	P	<b>Supply Voltage (1.8–3.3 V) for OUT7</b> Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption. Refer to <a href="#">4. Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</a> for bypass capacitor recommendations.
41	GND PAD	P	<b>Ground Pad</b> This pad provides electrical and thermal connection to ground and must be connected for proper operation.

## 6.2 Si5224A-D01AM Pin Descriptions (32-QFN)

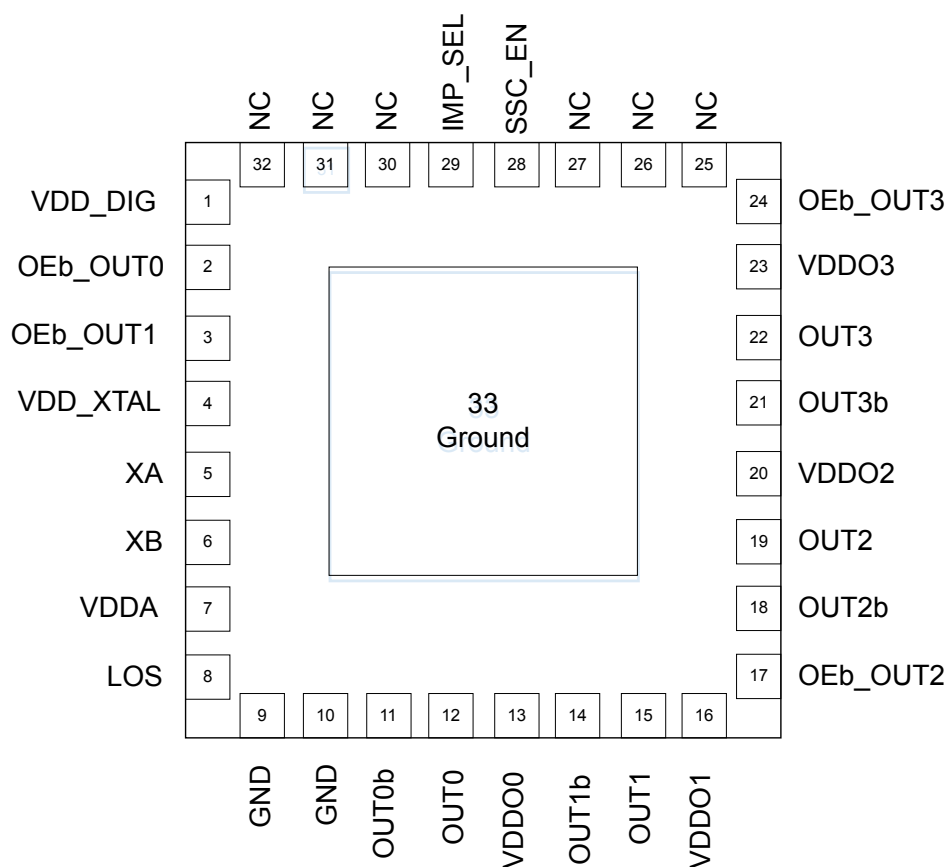


Figure 6.2. 32-QFN

Table 6.2. Si5224A-D01AM Pin Descriptions, (32-QFN)

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function
1	VDD_DIG	P	Voltage supply for digital functions. Connect to 1.8–3.3 V. Part of internal core VDD voltage. Must be connected to same voltage as VDDA and VDD_XTAL. Refer to 4. <a href="#">Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</a> for bypass capacitor recommendations.
2	OEb_OUT0	I	Output enable pin for OUT0. Low = output enabled High = output disabled
3	OEb_OUT1	I	Output enable pin for OUT1. Low = output enabled High = output disabled
4	VDD_XTAL	P	Voltage supply for crystal oscillator. Connect to 1.8–3.3 V. Part of internal core VDD voltage. Must be connected to same voltage as VDDA and VDD_DIG." Refer to 4. <a href="#">Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</a> for bypass capacitor recommendations.
5	XA	I	Refer to Section 5. <a href="#">Electrical Specifications</a> for recommended crystal specifications.
6	XB	O	

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function
7	VDDA	P	<p>Core Supply Voltage. Connect to 1.8–3.3 V.</p> <p>See the <a href="#">Si5332-AM1/2/3 Family Reference Manual</a> for power supply filtering recommendations.</p> <p>Must be connected to same voltage as VDD_DIG and VDD_XTAL.</p> <p>Refer to <a href="#">4. Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</a> for bypass capacitor recommendations.</p>
8	LOS	O	<p>The LOS status pin indicates whether the reference input has dropped below approximately 10 MHz. LOS is active low, open drain output and requires an external pull-up resistor of 1 to 10 kΩ for proper operation. If LOS is not required, this pin can be left unconnected.</p> <p>0 = reference input has dropped below approx. 10 MHz</p> <p>1 = reference input is present (&gt;10 MHz)</p>
9	GND	P	Connect these pins to ground.
10	GND	P	
11	OUT0b	O	<b>Output Clock</b>
12	OUT0	O	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in <a href="#">3.3 HCSL Differential Output Terminations</a> . Unused outputs should be left unconnected.
13	VDDO0	P	<p><b>Supply Voltage (1.8–3.3 V) for OUT0</b></p> <p>See the <a href="#">Si5332-AM1/2/3 Family Reference Manual</a> for power supply filtering recommendations.</p> <p>Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption. Refer to <a href="#">4. Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</a> for bypass capacitor recommendations.</p>
14	OUT1b	O	<b>Output Clock</b>
15	OUT1	O	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in <a href="#">3.3 HCSL Differential Output Terminations</a> . Unused outputs should be left unconnected.
16	VDDO1	P	<p><b>Supply Voltage (1.8–3.3 V) for OUT1</b></p> <p>Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption. Refer to <a href="#">4. Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</a> for bypass capacitor recommendations.</p>
17	OEb_OUT2	I	<p>Output enable pin for OUT2.</p> <p>Low = output enabled</p> <p>High = output disabled</p>
18	OUT2b	O	<b>Output Clock</b>
19	OUT2	O	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in <a href="#">3.3 HCSL Differential Output Terminations</a> . Unused outputs should be left unconnected.

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Function
20	VDDO2	P	<b>Supply Voltage (1.8–3.3 V) for OUT2</b> Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption. Refer to <a href="#">4. Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</a> for bypass capacitor recommendations.
21	OUT3b	O	<b>Output Clock</b>
22	OUT3	O	100 MHz HCSL output. Termination recommendations are provided in <a href="#">3.3 HCSL Differential Output Terminations</a> . Unused outputs should be left unconnected.
23	VDDO3	P	<b>Supply Voltage (1.8–3.3 V) for OUT3</b> Leave VDDOx pins of unused output drivers unconnected. An alternate option is to connect the VDDOx pin to a power supply and disable the output driver to minimize current consumption. Refer to <a href="#">4. Power Supply Filtering Recommendations</a> for bypass capacitor recommendations.
24	OEb_OUT3	I	Output enable pin for OUT3. Low = output enabled High = output disabled
25	NC	—	Do not connect these pins to anything.
26	NC	—	
27	NC	—	
28	SSC_EN	I	Spread spectrum enable pin. Low = spread OFF High = spread ON (–0.5%)
29	IMP_SEL	I	Impedance select pin for output drivers. IMP_SEL pin is sampled at power-up only. Low = 100 $\Omega$ High = 85 $\Omega$
30	NC	—	Do not connect these pins to anything.
31	NC	—	
32	NC	—	
33	GND PAD	P	<b>Ground Pad</b> This pad provides electrical and thermal connection to ground and must be connected for proper operation.

## 7. Package Outline

### 7.1 Si52258A-D01AM 6x6 mm 40-QFN Package Diagram

The figure below illustrates the package details for the Si52258A-D01AM in 40-QFN. The table below lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.

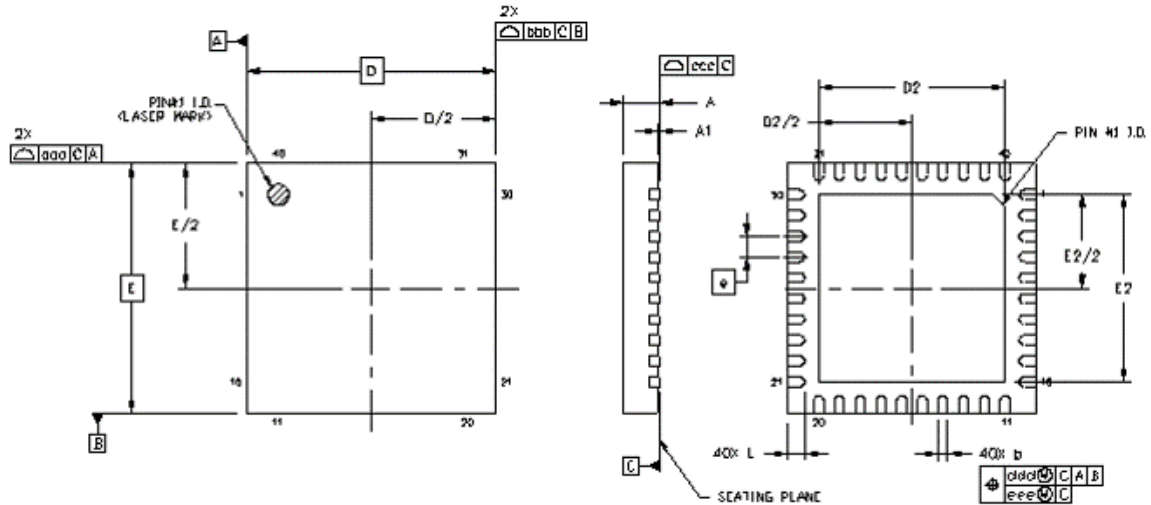


Figure 7.1. 40-Pin Quad Flat No-Lead (QFN)

Table 7.1. Package Dimensions

Dimension	Min	Nom	Max
A	0.80	0.85	0.90
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
b	0.18	0.25	0.30
D	6.00 BSC		
D2	4.35	4.50	4.65
e	0.50 BSC		
E	6.00 BSC		
E2	4.35	4.50	4.65
L	0.30	0.40	0.50
aaa	—	—	0.15
bbb	—	—	0.15
ccc	—	—	0.08
ddd	—	—	0.10
eee	—	—	0.05

Dimension	Min	Nom	Max
<p><b>Notes:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.</li><li>2. Dimensioning and Tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1994.</li><li>3. This drawing conforms to the JEDEC Solid State Outline MO-220.</li><li>4. Recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020 specification for Small Body Components.</li></ol>			

### 7.2 Si52254A-D01AM 5x5 mm 32-QFN Package Diagram

The figure below illustrates the package details for the Si52254A-D01AM 32-QFN option. The table below lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.

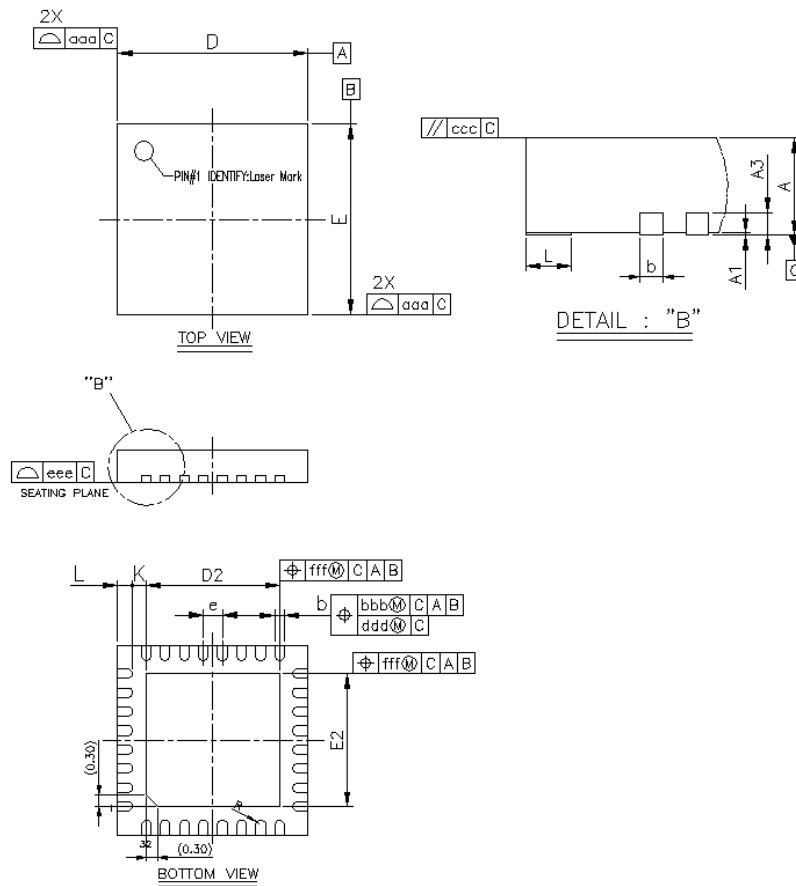


Figure 7.2. 32-Pin Quad Flat No-Lead (QFN)

Table 7.2. Package Dimensions

Dimension	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	0.80	0.85	0.90
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
A3	0.20 REF		
b	0.18	0.25	0.30
D/E	4.90	5.00	5.10
D2/E2	3.40	3.50	3.60
e	0.50 BSC		
L	0.30	0.40	0.50
K	0.20	---	---
R	0.09	---	0.14
aaa	0.15		
bbb	0.10		
ccc	0.10		

Dimension	MIN	NOM	MAX
ddd		0.05	
eee		0.08	
fff		0.10	

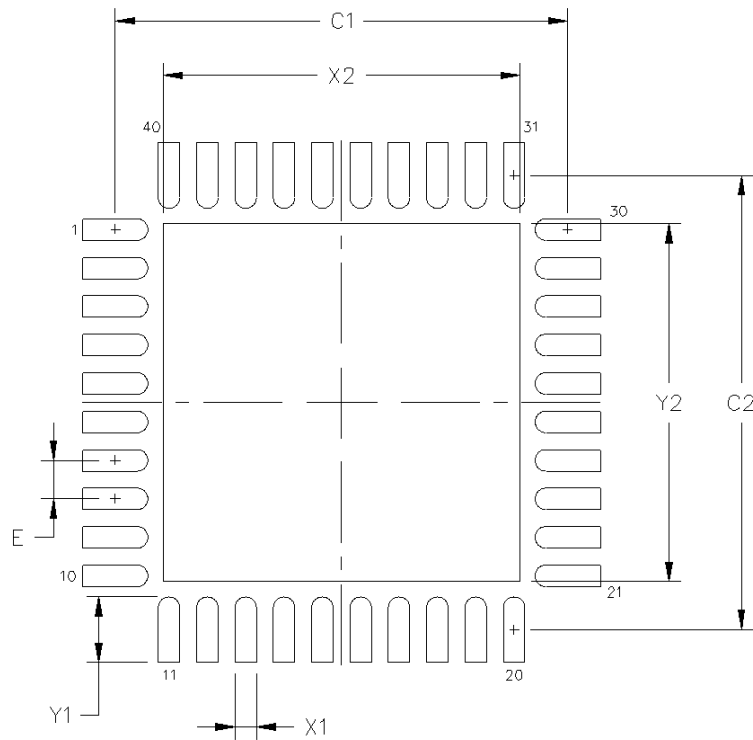
**Notes:**

1. All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.
2. Dimensioning and Tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1994.
3. This drawing conforms to the JEDEC Solid State Outline MO-220, Variation VKKD-4.
4. Recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020 specification for Small Body Components.



## 8. PCB Land Pattern

### 8.1 Si52258A-D01AM 40-QFN Land Pattern



**Figure 8.1. 40-QFN Land Pattern**

**Table 8.1. PCB Land Pattern Dimensions**

Dimension	mm
C1	5.90
C2	5.90
e	0.50 BSC
X1	0.30
Y1	0.85
X2	4.65
Y2	4.65

Dimension	mm
<p><b>Notes:</b></p> <p><b>General</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.</li><li>2. This Land Pattern Design is based on the IPC-7351 guidelines.</li></ol> <p><b>Solder Mask Design</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. All metal pads are to be non-solder mask defined (NSMD). Clearance between the solder mask and the metal pad is to be 60 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> minimum, all the way around the pad.</li></ol> <p><b>Stencil Design</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. A stainless steel, laser-cut and electro-polished stencil with trapezoidal walls should be used to assure good solder paste release.</li><li>2. The stencil thickness should be 0.125 mm (5 mils).</li><li>3. The ratio of stencil aperture to land pad size can be 1:1 for all perimeter pads.</li><li>4. A 3<math>\times</math>3 array of 0.85 mm square openings on a 1.00 mm pitch can be used for the center ground pad.</li></ol> <p><b>Card Assembly</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. A No-Clean, Type-3 solder paste is recommended.</li><li>2. The recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020 specification for Small Body Components.</li></ol>	

## 8.2 Si52254A-D01AM 32-QFN Land Pattern

The figure below illustrates the PCB land pattern details for Si52254A-D01AM in 32-QFN package. The table below lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.

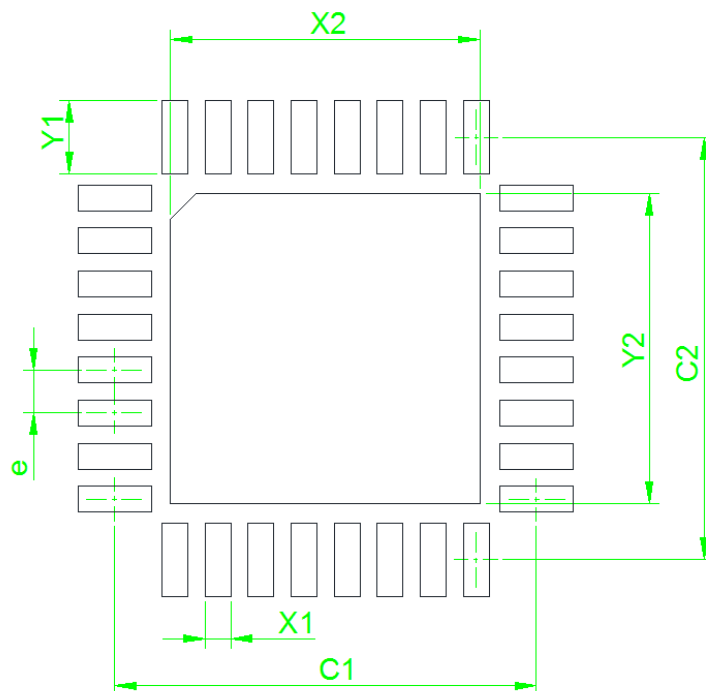


Figure 8.2. 32-QFN Land Pattern

Table 8.2. PCB Land Pattern Dimensions

Dimension	mm
C1	4.90
C2	4.90
e	0.50 BSC
X1	0.30
Y1	0.85
X2	3.60
Y2	3.60

Dimension	mm
<p><b>Notes:</b></p> <p><b>General</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.</li><li>2. This Land Pattern Design is based on the IPC-7351 guidelines.</li></ol> <p><b>Solder Mask Design</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. All metal pads are to be non-solder mask defined (NSMD). Clearance between the solder mask and the metal pad is to be 60 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> minimum, all the way around the pad.</li></ol> <p><b>Stencil Design</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. A stainless steel, laser-cut and electro-polished stencil with trapezoidal walls should be used to assure good solder paste release.</li><li>2. The stencil thickness should be 0.125 mm (5 mils).</li><li>3. The ratio of stencil aperture to land pad size can be 1:1 for all perimeter pads.</li><li>4. A 3<math>\times</math>3 array of 0.85 mm square openings on a 1.00 mm pitch can be used for the center ground pad.</li></ol> <p><b>Card Assembly</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. A No-Clean, Type-3 solder paste is recommended.</li><li>2. The recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020 specification for Small Body Components.</li></ol>	

## 9. Top Marking

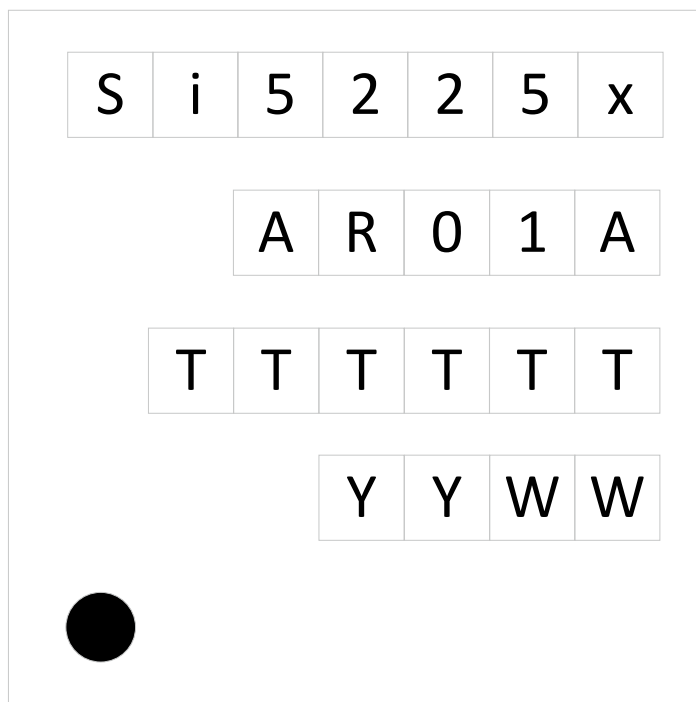


Figure 9.1. Top Marking

Table 9.1. Top Marking Explanation

Line	Characters	Description
1	Si52258 Si52254	Base part number
2	AR01A	A = Grade R = Product revision (reference ordering section for latest revision) 01 = Product identification, single input A = Automotive temperature grade. Package (QFN)
3	TTTTTT	Manufacturing trace code.
4	YYWW	Year (YY) and work week (WW) of package assembly

## 10. Revision History

### Revision 1.0

January, 2021

- Updated [Table 5.4 Differential Clock Output Specifications](#) on page 9.
- Updated [Table 6.1 Si52258A-D01AM Pin Descriptions \(40-QFN\)](#) on page 15.
  - Removed "Default low" from hardware input pin function descriptions.
- Updated [Table 6.2 Si5224A-D01AM Pin Descriptions, \(32-QFN\)](#) on page 18.
  - Removed "Default low" from hardware input pin function descriptions.
- Updated [9. Top Marking](#).
- Updated Typ/Max performance specs in [Table 5.6 PCI-Express Clock Outputs \(100 MHz HCSL\)](#) on page 11.

### Revision 0.7

September, 2019

- Initial release.



## ClockBuilder Pro

One-click access to Timing tools, documentation, software, source code libraries & more. Available for Windows and iOS (CBGo only).

[www.silabs.com/CBPro](http://www.silabs.com/CBPro)



**Timing Portfolio**  
[www.silabs.com/timing](http://www.silabs.com/timing)



**SW/HW**  
[www.silabs.com/CBPro](http://www.silabs.com/CBPro)



**Quality**  
[www.silabs.com/quality](http://www.silabs.com/quality)



**Support and Community**  
[community.silabs.com](http://community.silabs.com)

### Disclaimer

Silicon Labs intends to provide customers with the latest, accurate, and in-depth documentation of all peripherals and modules available for system and software implementers using or intending to use the Silicon Labs products. Characterization data, available modules and peripherals, memory sizes and memory addresses refer to each specific device, and "Typical" parameters provided can and do vary in different applications. Application examples described herein are for illustrative purposes only. Silicon Labs reserves the right to make changes without further notice to the product information, specifications, and descriptions herein, and does not give warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of the included information. Without prior notification, Silicon Labs may update product firmware during the manufacturing process for security or reliability reasons. Such changes will not alter the specifications or the performance of the product. Silicon Labs shall have no liability for the consequences of use of the information supplied in this document. This document does not imply or expressly grant any license to design or fabricate any integrated circuits. The products are not designed or authorized to be used within any FDA Class III devices, applications for which FDA premarket approval is required, or Life Support Systems without the specific written consent of Silicon Labs. A "Life Support System" is any product or system intended to support or sustain life and/or health, which, if it fails, can be reasonably expected to result in significant personal injury or death. Silicon Labs products are not designed or authorized for military applications. Silicon Labs products shall under no circumstances be used in weapons of mass destruction including (but not limited to) nuclear, biological or chemical weapons, or missiles capable of delivering such weapons. Silicon Labs disclaims all express and implied warranties and shall not be responsible or liable for any injuries or damages related to use of a Silicon Labs product in such unauthorized applications.

### Trademark Information

Silicon Laboratories Inc.®, Silicon Laboratories®, Silicon Labs®, SiLabs® and the Silicon Labs logo®, Bluegiga®, Bluegiga Logo®, ClockBuilder®, CMEMS®, DSPLL®, EFM®, EFM32®, EFR, Ember®, Energy Micro, Energy Micro logo and combinations thereof, "the world's most energy friendly microcontrollers", Ember®, EZLink®, EZRadio®, EZRadioPRO®, Gecko®, Gecko OS, Gecko OS Studio, ISOModem®, Precision32®, ProSLIC®, Simplicity Studio®, SiPHY®, Telegesis, the Telegesis Logo®, USBXpress®, Zentri, the Zentri logo and Zentri DMS, Z-Wave®, and others are trademarks or registered trademarks of Silicon Labs. ARM, CORTEX, Cortex-M3 and THUMB are trademarks or registered trademarks of ARM Holdings. Kell is a registered trademark of ARM Limited. Wi-Fi is a registered trademark of the Wi-Fi Alliance. All other products or brand names mentioned herein are trademarks of their respective holders.



Silicon Laboratories Inc.  
400 West Cesar Chavez  
Austin, TX 78701  
USA

<http://www.silabs.com>

# Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

[Silicon Laboratories:](#)

[Si52254A-D01AMR](#) [Si52254A-D01AM](#) [Si52258A-D01AM](#) [Si52258A-D01AMR](#)